Moravian College Athletic Training Bloodborne Pathogens Post-Exposure Plan

Post-Exposure Procedures

Involving a needle stick or other potential exposure to a bloodborne pathogen by an employee, student, intern, or assigned volunteer.

Immediate Post-Exposure:

- 1. Cleanse the wound and surrounding area with soap and water (for a needle stick or body fluid exposure), or flush eyes, nose or mouth with copious amounts of tap water (for a splash to the face).
- 2. **Inform a supervisor that an exposure has occurred**. Provide details about the time and location of the incidence, and what type of exposure occurred (e.g., needle stick, direct contact with blood or body fluid)
- 3. **Report to the triage staff** according to where the exposure occurs:
 - On Moravian College's campus during normal business hours:
 - Report to the Student Health Center, 250 W. Laurel Street (Hillside 5H), Bethlehem, PA 18018. (610) 861-1567
 - On Moravian College's campus before/after normal business hours:
 - St. Luke's North (Walk-In Care), 153 Broadhead Road, Bethlehem, PA 18017. (484) 526-3000

OR

- St. Luke's University Hospital, Bethlehem (Emergency Department) 801 Ostrum Street, Bethlehem, PA 18015. (484)-526-4000
- Off campus exposure/out of area:
 - Report to the nearest hospital, and ask for the Blood Exposure Triage Staff.
- 4. **Tell the triage staff** you experienced an occupational blood exposure.

After Receiving Care

- 1. **Inform your Department Head** of your exposure as soon as possible.
- 2. Complete the Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Report form within 24-hours of your exposure (available at: https://www.moravian.edu/rehab/athletic-training/clinical-education)
- 3. **Send a copy of the Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Report form** to Moravian College Athletic Training/Sports Medicine Department (Johnston Hall, Room 128, 221 West Elizabeth Ave) or mail to Moravian College Athletic Training/Sports Medicine Department, 1200 Main Street, Bethlehem, PA 18018.

Direct questions about these procedures to Moravian College's Head Athletic Trainer/Assistant Athletic Director, Bob Ward: 610-861-1537; 1200 Main Street, Bethlehem, PA 18018.

What are the exposed bloodborne individual's responsibilities?

The exposed individual is responsible for:

- 1. Becoming familiar with post-exposure procedures before an exposure occurs.
- 2. Obtaining medical treatment and follow up. (See "Post Exposure Procedures" above)
- 3. Completing necessary form(s). (available at: https://www.moravian.edu/rehab/athletic-training/clinical-education)
- 4. Notifying your supervisor of your exposure.

What are the responsibilities of the supervisor?

The supervisor is responsible to:

- 1. Becoming familiar with post-exposure procedures before an exposure occurs.
- 2. Knowing the location of the nearest health care provider able to perform post-exposure evaluation and treatment.
- 3. Informing the Department Head (Head Athletic Trainer for exposure in athletics; Department Chair for exposure in the Sports Medicine & Rehabilitation Center) of a bloodborne pathogen exposure.

What are the responsibilities of the department?

The department is responsible for:

- 1. Disseminating post-exposure information to employees, students, interns, or assigned volunteers who are at risk for exposures to human blood.
- 2. Informing the Student Health Center of a bloodborne pathogen exposure.
- 3. Informing Human Resources of a bloodborne pathogen exposure.
- 4. Informing the exposed individual's home department/program of a bloodborne pathogen exposure.

Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Report Form

DOB	
ment/Program:	
When the incident occurred (date and time)	
Where the incident occurred	
What potentially infectious materials were involved - Type of fluid (i.e., blood)	
The circumstances under which the exposure incident occurred (Type of work bei	ng done)
How the incident was caused (Accident, Unusual circumstance (equipment malfur Description of the device being used)	nction, etc.)
Identification and documentation of the source individual, unless the employer cathat identification is infeasible or prohibited by state or local law (HIV and HBV state ource, if known)	
	When the incident occurred (date and time) Where the incident occurred What potentially infectious materials were involved - Type of fluid (i.e., blood) The route(s) of exposure The circumstances under which the exposure incident occurred (Type of work being used) How the incident was caused (Accident, Unusual circumstance (equipment malfund Description of the device being used) Identification and documentation of the source individual, unless the employer cathat identification is infeasible or prohibited by state or local law (HIV and HBV states)